

118TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. RES. 727

Expressing support for the designation of September 2023 as National
Campus Sexual Assault Awareness Month.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 26, 2023

Ms. NORTON submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the
Committee on Oversight and Accountability

RESOLUTION

Expressing support for the designation of September 2023
as National Campus Sexual Assault Awareness Month.

Whereas colleges are now receiving students in person for the
academic year;

Whereas freshmen and sophomores in college are at a greater
risk of being sexually assaulted than juniors or seniors;

Whereas college students are at a higher risk of sexual as-
sault during the first few months of school, with more
than 50 percent of college sexual assaults occurring in ei-
ther August, September, October, or November;

Whereas the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
warns that both middle school and high school students
are increasingly experiencing sexual harassment, sexual
assault, and sexual violence, with nearly 35 percent of fe-

male sexual assault survivors reporting that they were first attacked between the ages of 11 and 17;

Whereas many college students are survivors of “incapacitated assault”, in which they are sexually assaulted while drugged, drunk, passed out, or otherwise incapacitated;

Whereas these survivors often know their attackers;

Whereas less than 5 percent of rapes and attempted rapes of college students are reported to campus authorities or local law enforcement;

Whereas college sexual assault survivors are likely to tell someone they know, most often a friend, about their experience;

Whereas over 20 percent of college sexual assault survivors fear reprisal by the perpetrator;

Whereas approximately 5 percent of college men account for 90 to 95 percent of the rapes on college campuses;

Whereas many college sexual assault survivors fear poor treatment by campus or law enforcement authorities, or even lack knowledge of the reporting process;

Whereas approximately 8 percent of colleges still do not allow confidential reporting of sexual assaults to campus authorities;

Whereas 21 percent of colleges provide no sexual assault response training for members of their faculty and staff;

Whereas approximately 41 percent of colleges have not conducted a single sexual assault investigation in the last 5 years;

Whereas most colleges fail to provide access to a specially trained Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner;

Whereas law enforcement officials at 30 percent of colleges receive no training on how to respond to reports of sexual violence;

Whereas more than 70 percent of colleges do not have protocols regarding how the institution and local law enforcement should work together to respond to sexual violence;

Whereas 33 percent of colleges fail to provide training to dispel “rape myths” to persons adjudicating sexual assault claims;

Whereas 43 percent of the Nation’s largest colleges have students assisting in adjudicating sexual assault cases, which creates privacy and conflict-of-interest concerns;

Whereas 22 percent of colleges allow athletic department oversight of sexual violence cases involving student athletes;

Whereas many college sexual assault survivors experience confusion over how to report a sexual assault, are unsure of acceptable standards of sexual conduct and definitions of rape and sexual assault, and fear punishment for activities preceding some sexual assaults, such as underage drinking;

Whereas 21 percent of the Nation’s largest private colleges report not independently investigating all claims of sexual assault that they conveyed to the Department of Education;

Whereas only approximately 13 percent of the perpetrators of college sexual assaults are permanently expelled;

Whereas only 10 percent of reported college rape cases result in criminal charges against the alleged perpetrator;

Whereas survivors of campus sexual assaults are more likely to have their lives disrupted, such as by changing a college major, changing campus housing, and dropping a class, than the average student;

Whereas only 7 States require colleges to adopt affirmative consent policies; and

Whereas September 2023, when many students begin or return to college, is an appropriate month to designate as National Campus Sexual Assault Awareness Month: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives supports
- 2 the designation of National Campus Sexual Assault
- 3 Awareness Month.

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